# Semantic Segmentation of Aerial Lidar Data within GRiD

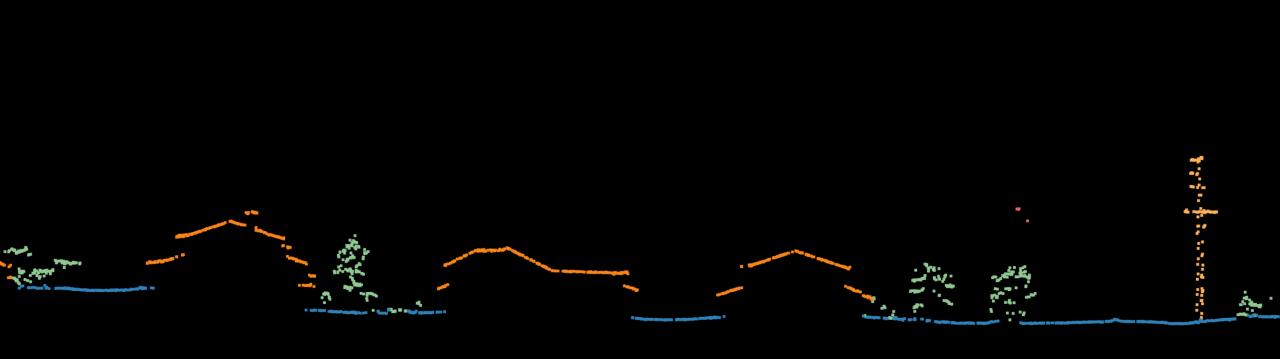
**Brad Chambers** 

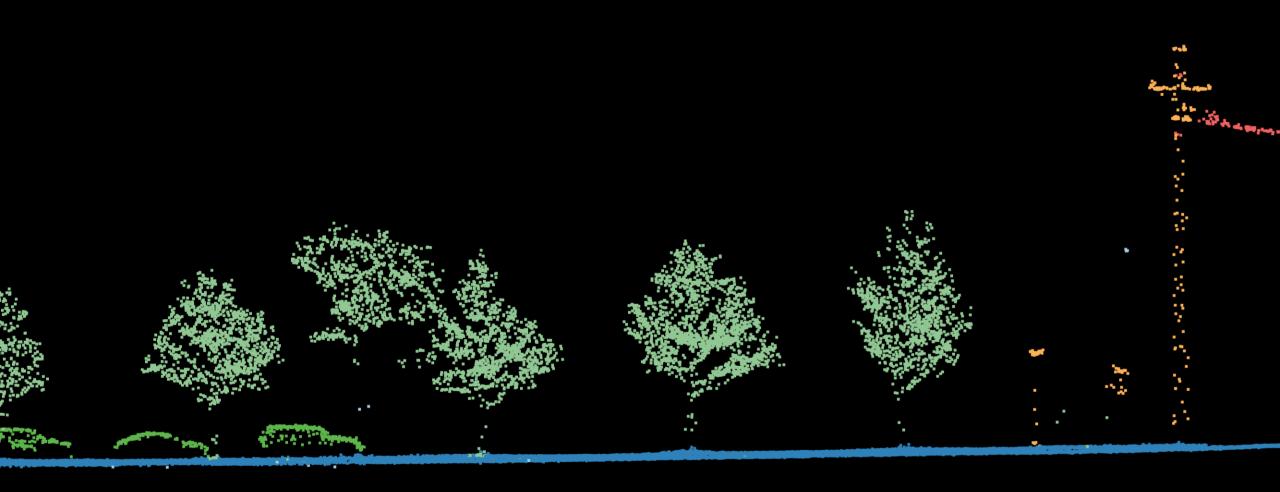


### Overview



- Data & metrics
- Illustrated history of semantic segmentation within GRiD
- Performance trends
- Impacts to downstream processes
- Next steps





## Data Overview

#### US3D

- US Cities
- Jacksonville, FL & Omaha, NE
- 110 training tiles (84Mpts)
- Median 2.35 pts/m<sup>2</sup>
- Class Distribution
  - Ground 65%
  - Vegetation 14%
  - Building 13%
  - Water 2%
  - Bridge %1
  - Unlabeled 2%



Le Saux, B., Yokoya, N., Haensch, R., & Brown, M. (2019). 2019 IEEE GRSS Data Fusion Contest: Large-Scale Semantic 3D Reconstruction [Technical Committees]. *IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Magazine*, 7(4), 33–36. https://doi.org/10.1109/MGRS.2019.2949679

#### DALES

- Riegl Q1560, Piper PA31 Panther Navajo
- City of Surrey in British Columbia, Canada
- 29 training tiles (369Mpts)
- Median 25.46 pts/m<sup>2</sup>
- Class Distribution
  - Ground 48%
  - Vegetation 33%
  - Buildings 15%
  - Cars, trucks, power lines, poles, fences 2%
  - Unlabeled 2%

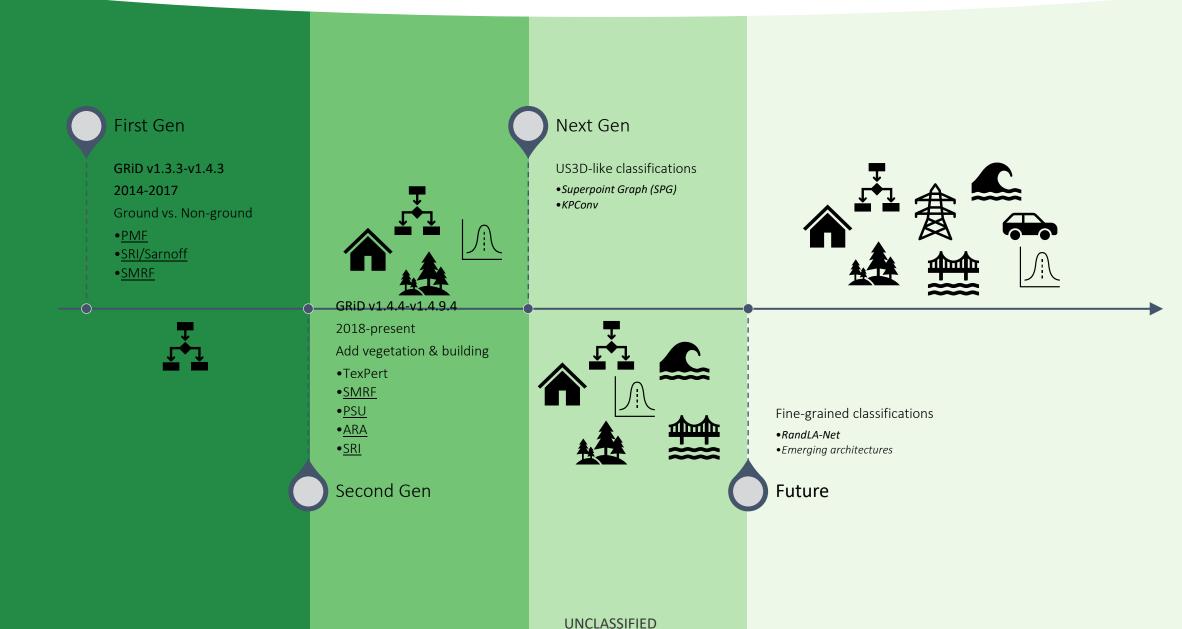
Varney, N., Asari, V. K., & Graehling, Q. (2020). *DALES: A Large-scale Aerial LiDAR Data Set for Semantic Segmentation*. http://arxiv.org/abs/2004.11985

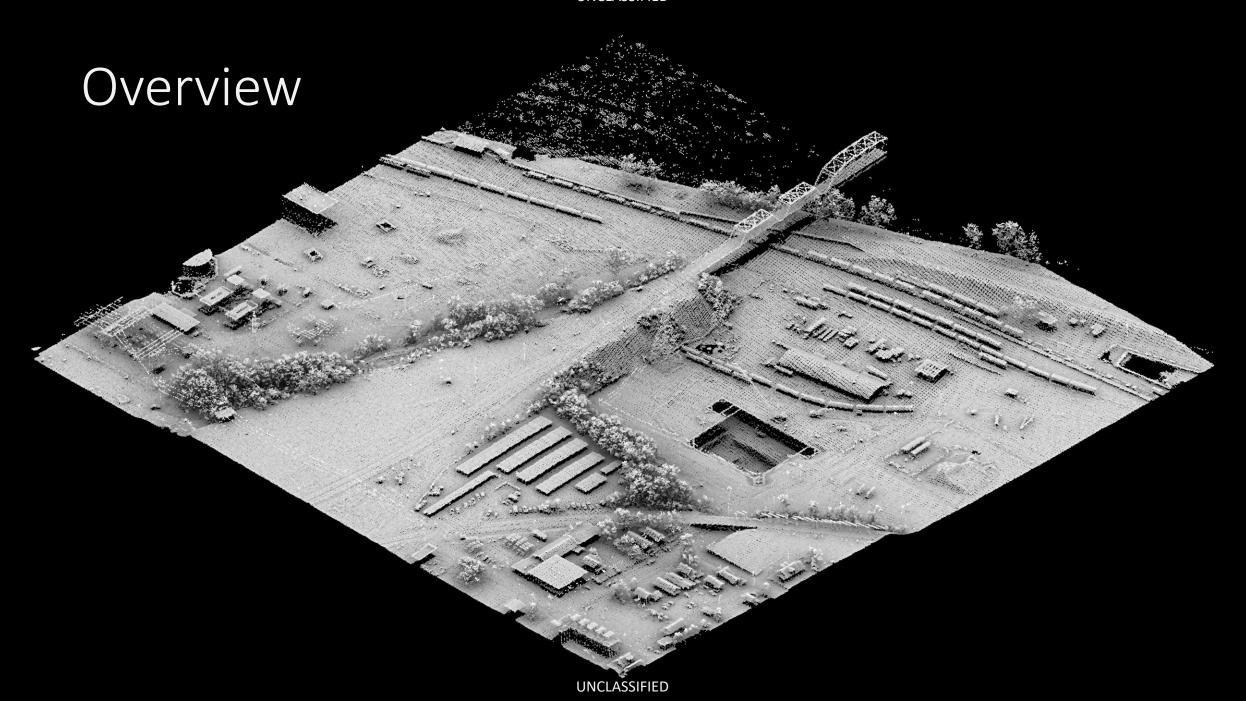
## Metrics

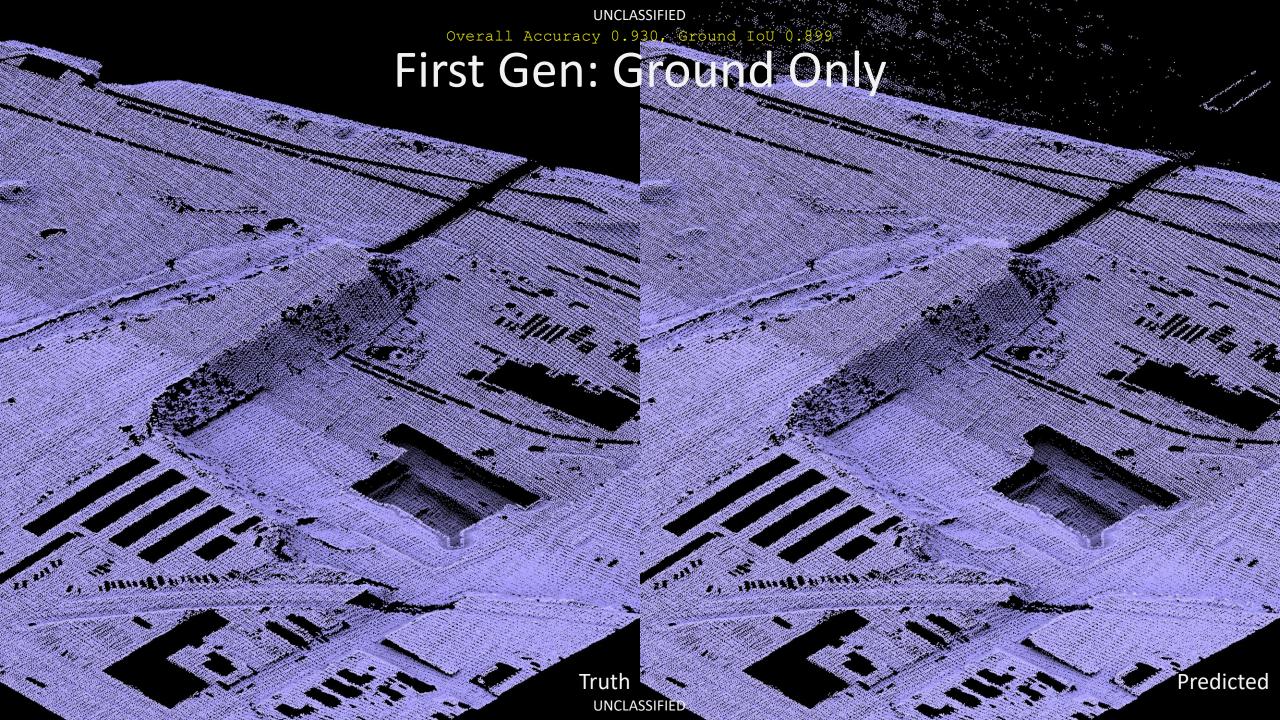
$$IOU = \frac{TP}{TP + FP + FN}$$

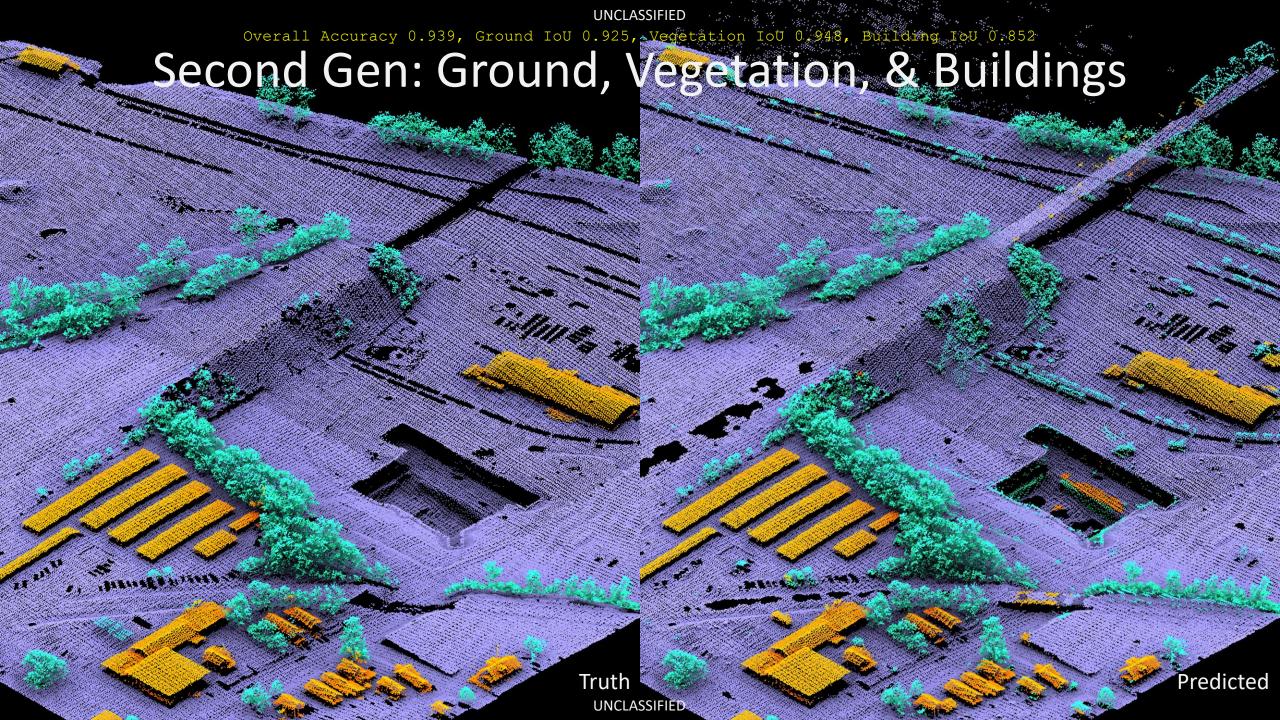
$$OA = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + TN + FN}$$

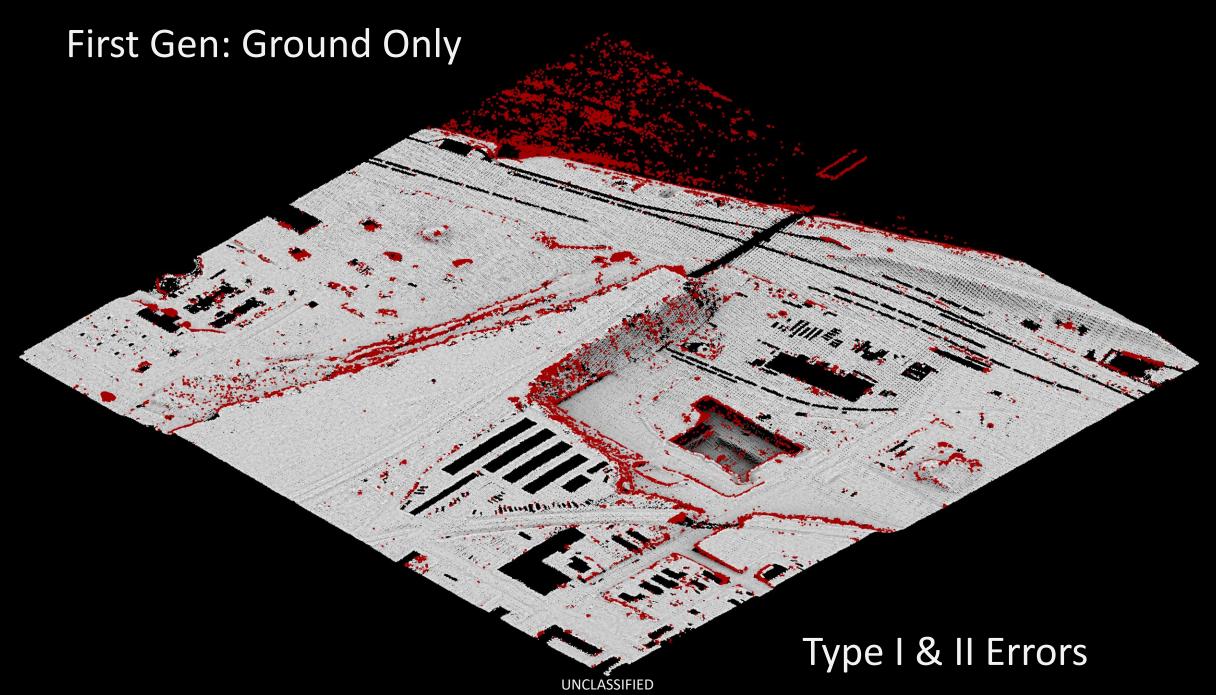
## Generations of AFE Capabilities in GRiD

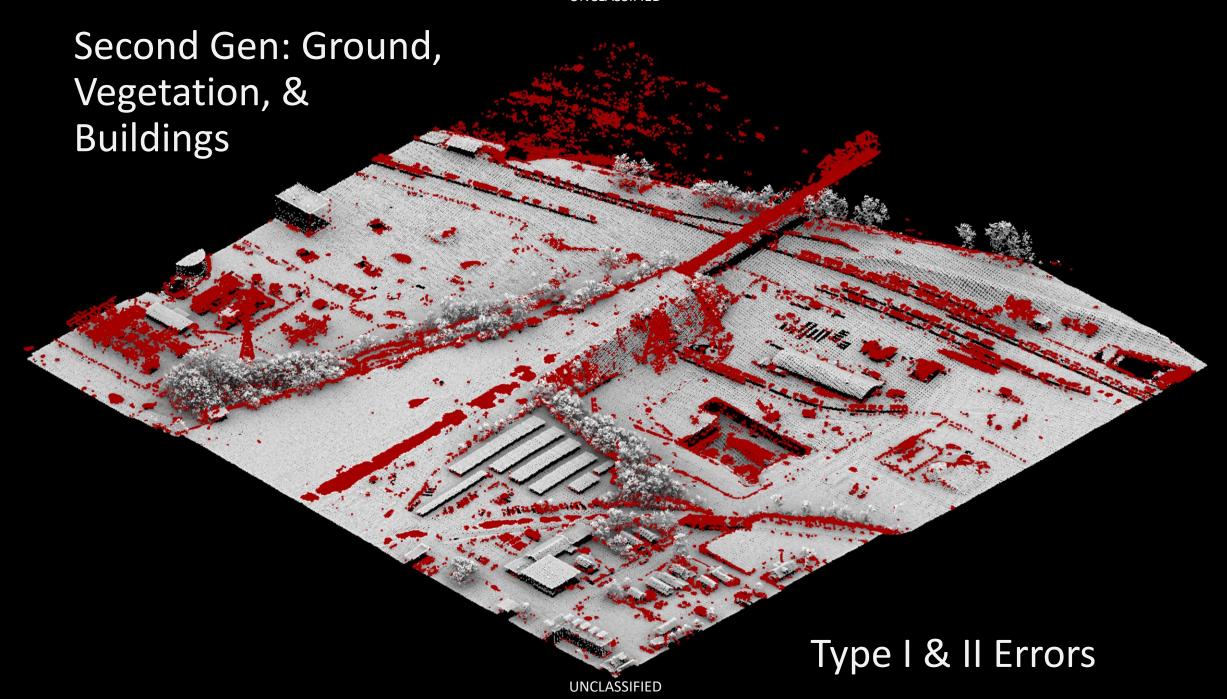


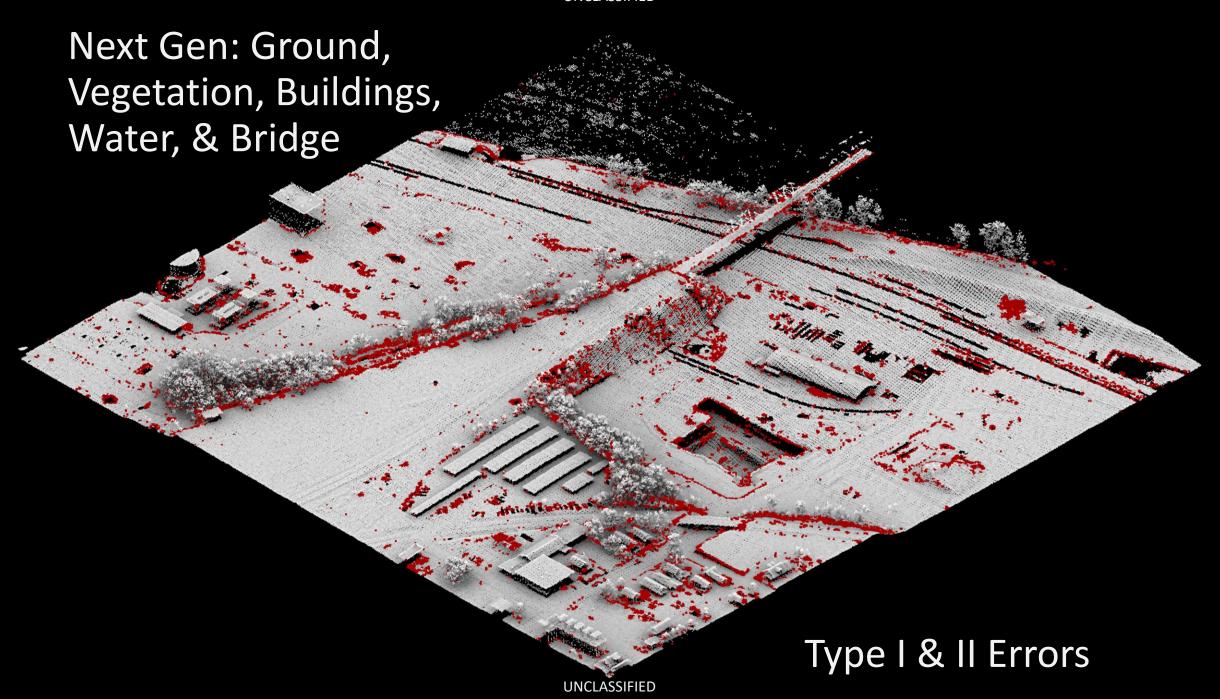












#### Performance Trends

